

## CRP 101

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# Who Am I?

- Faculty at UK College of Social Work
- Husband and father
- Therapist
- Involved with CRPs since 2000











"Never doubt that a small, dedicated group of citizens can make a difference. Indeed, it is the only thing that ever has..."

~ Margaret Mead







"The idea of citizen participation is a little like eating spinach — no one is against it because **it is good for you."** 

~Sherry Arnstein



#### **Goals for this Presentation**



2. Review the literature on **citizen participation in public child welfare agencies** 

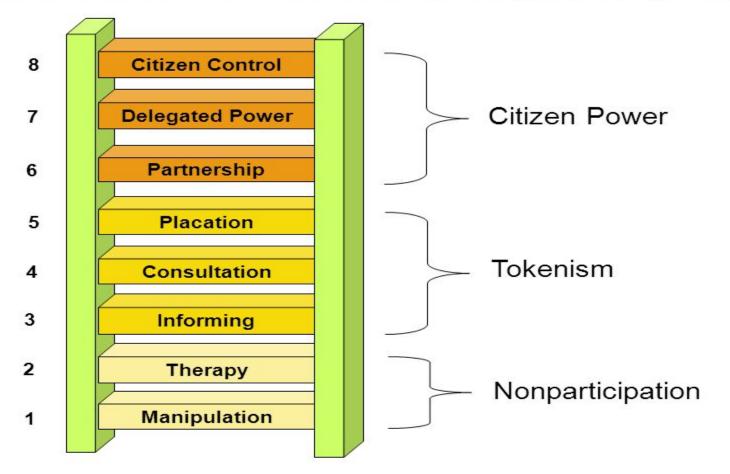
3. Provide **practical strategies on how to use citizen participation** to improve systems outcomes



- "Authentic" Communication Impacts Perceived Effectiveness (Jones, 2004)
- CRP members want clearer goals/objectives and better communication (Jones & Royse, 2008)
- More training of CRP members is needed (Bryan, Collins-Camargo, & Jones, 2011; Collins-Camargo, Buckwalter, & Jones, 2016)
- Self-governance needed; improved group cohesion needed (Bryan, Jones, & Lawson, 2009)



#### The Ladder of Citizen Participation (Arnstein)





#### The Context for Citizen Participation



- Mandates for citizen participation and review are driven by the swinging pendulum of public concern regarding
  - Children languishing in foster care
  - Children being left in unsafe homes
  - Families being intruded upon and ripped apart



#### The Context of Citizen Involvement in Child Welfare

• Federal mandates for citizen participation

#### Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1974

- Requires representation for children in court due to child maltreatment. Statute was non-specific about whether this role must be filled by attorneys.
- **Court Appointed Special Advocate** programs grew after this mandate as an independent, citizen voice in court for specific children.

#### - Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 (PL 96-272)

 Requires a process for review related to children in out-of-home care, with citizen foster care review boards being one option for fulfillment of 6 month review process (court review is also required)

## **Federal Statute Continues to Raise the Bar**

#### • CAPTA Reauthorization of 1996

 Required states to establish citizen review panels to review compliance with state CAPTA plan, federal child protection standards and other areas deemed important by the panels

#### CAPTA Reauthorization of 2003

- Requires citizen review panels to evaluate practice as well as policy and procedure
- Develop means for public outreach and comment
- Child welfare agencies to **respond** to annual report in writing

#### • CAPTA Reauthorization of 2010

- Required a study and report to Congress on the effectiveness of citizen review panels
- Panels may include adult former victims of child abuse and neglect



#### What are the obstacles to collaboration between CRPs and CPS?



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## **Challenges to Collaboration**

- Citizens have trouble understanding complexities of state agencies ("Feel like we're treading water")
- Difficulty in choosing evaluative topics of any substance and value to the child welfare agency
- There are numerous "Citizen Groups" and sometimes they get lost





## More obstacles...

- Distrust from frontline workers
- Overwhelming nature of NCANS, PIP, CFSR, etc.
- Time lag between when new initiatives are launched and groups are informed ("we had to read it in the paper...")
- Some members see as a way to "stick it to" the child protection system





## A failure to communicate?

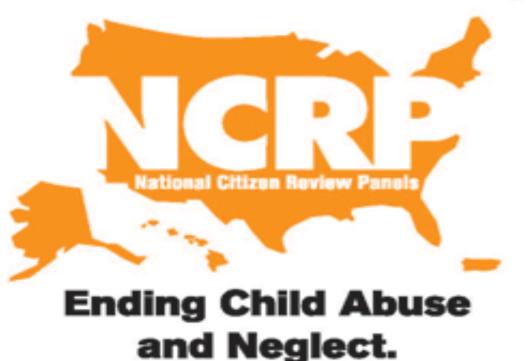
- Child welfare administrators often speak the language of:
- Budget stress
- Politics
- "Circle the Wagons"
- "We know best"
- Incremental change

- **Citizen groups** often speak the language of:
- Personal passion
- Personal experience
- "We want change NOW!"
- "Coalitions are best"
- Ready to use public shame if necessary



## **Citizen Review Panels**

### The Power of Community





## A Snap Shot of CRPS Nationally

Source: Report to Congress on Effectiveness of Citizen Review Panels (2013)

- Total of 348 CRPs in 50 states, DC and Puerto Rico
- 30 states provide staff assistance and 36 states provide financial assistance
- NO states reviewed the state's CAPTA Plan
- Only 33 states provided a written response to the work of the Panels



# History of CRPs



- Citizen Review Panels were formed through a 1996 amendment to the Child Abuse and Prevention Treatment Act (CAPTA)
- **3 panels** per state by July, 1999 (some only needed one)
- Each panel has the responsibility to review compliance of state and local CPS agencies with respect to:
  - state CAPTA plan
  - Other criteria the panel considers important, which may include coordination with foster care and adoption programs and review of child fatalities and near fatalities



## Requirements for Citizen Review Panels

- Composed of volunteer members that
  - are **broadly representative** of the community in which they are operating
  - include individuals with expertise in the prevention and treatment of child abuse and neglect
- Meet at least quarterly
- Examine **policies and procedures** and, where appropriate, **specific cases** of both state and local agencies
- Maintain confidentiality
- Prepare an annual report with activities and recommendations



# *HOW* can a Panel Review these Things?

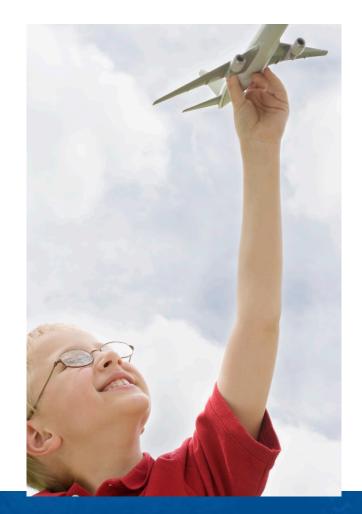
- In-depth review of a small number of cases
- Broader review of cases
- Analysis of statewide data systems
- Review of agency policy and procedures
- Targeted Surveys

- Quality assurance reviews
- Community forums
- Focus groups or interviews of staff, consumers, service providers, mandated reporters, foster parents, others



## **Common Themes**

- CRP coordinated by someone from state child welfare agency
- Struggle with "diverse" membership and involving "non-professionals"
- Trouble in defining the "mission" and outcomes of CRP ("watchdog" vs. "advocate")
- Retention of members is difficult
- Turnover in state agency (i.e., new administrations)
- Difficulty in connecting with Child and Family Services Review





#### Research tells us that Citizen Review Panels generally do better when they are...

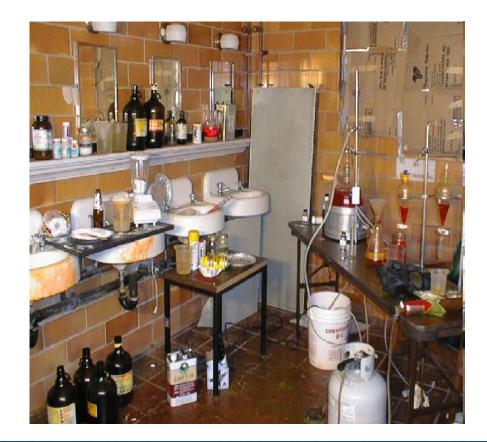
- Given access to information
- Consulted EARLY in the policy development process
- **Given FEEDBACK** about their recommendations
- Provided staff and other logistical support
- Are part of a thoughtful, welldefined process rather than a "feel good" exercise





# An Example of a **Successful** CRP Topic

- TOPIC: How frontline Kentucky child welfare workers are trained to respond to "meth" cases
- KY CRP reviewed policy, talked with frontline workers and supervisors, law enforcement, first responders
- RESULT: Changes in policy which made workers and children safer



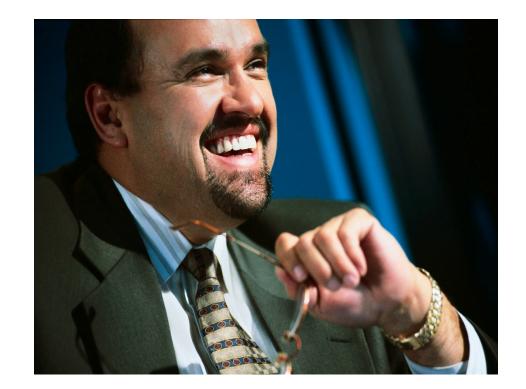


## How Can CRPs and CPS build trust?



#### The Benefits of State Agencies Developing a Good Relationship with Citizens

- Citizens can ADVOCATE for you (i.e., testify before state legislators)
- Citizens see things that your agency does not
- You spend less energy being proactive than reactive
- Others are watching (feds, other states)
- In some cases, it's the law......





#### Ways for the Child Welfare Agency to Foster **Collaboration**



- Appoint consistent point persons as liaisons to your groups (local AND state)
- CPS should HELP panels as they develop their strategic plan (don't dictate, but facilitate a doable plan)
- Give your panels frequent feedback about what is happening to their recommendations (use liaisons for this)



#### **Building a Trusting Relationship with the Child Welfare Agency**: "The Iphone and the Visitation Rooms"







## Ways to Share Information

- Develop a **Memo of Agreement** that spells out each partner's role
- Have **joint meetings/celebrations** to discuss progress and honestly dialogue about obstacles (remember the HUMAN element of groups)
- Make sure **Program Coordinator is wellknown by state agency staff** (i.e., have them sit on agency committees)
- Have **Panel members/ coordinator put on listservs** to received newsletters, etc.





# **Recruiting New Members**

- Who is MISSING from your group?
- Think about what agencies often interact with Child Protective Services (law enforcement, mental health, teachers, faith community, day care centers)
- Develop a **PLAN for recruitment** (press releases, targeted letters, guest speaking at community groups, church bulletins, etc.)
- Remember WHY people volunteer: to make a difference.
  Don't waste their time





## Tips for Using Citizens in Child Welfare





# Helpful Hints for Citizens and Child Welfare Agency

- Clearly define roles of responsibilities of Citizens and child welfare agency (this should be spelled out in a Memo Of Agreement)
- **Give feedback to groups** about what happens to their recommendations. If they are not feasible, say so, and explain why
- Create **consistent "point persons"** within the agency to answer critical questions.
- Have a way for members to cycle on and off the Panel



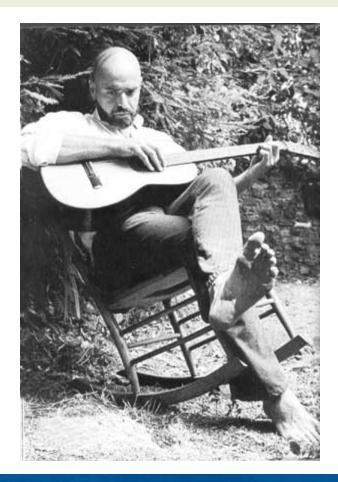
# Helpful Hints.....

- Work on **team development**
- Work with Chairperson to develop her or his leadership abilities
- Provide at least a part-time paid staff person (be CREATIVE, sub-contract with a University to coordinate )
- **Celebrate** successes and improvements
- Value citizenship





## The Toad and the Kangaroo Shel Silverstein

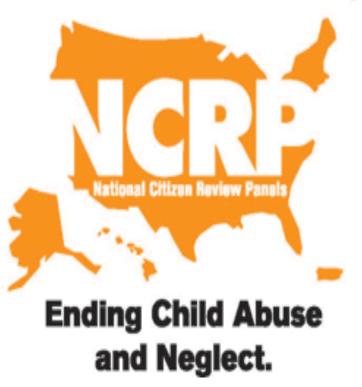




# The National CRP Scene

- University of Kentucky is the organizing "hub" for Citizen Review Panels
- National Citizen Review Panel Virtual Community (http://www.cantasd.org/crp/)
  - \* Annual Reports
  - \* Training Materials
  - \* Sign up for Listserv
  - \* Information from
  - \* Annual Reports
  - \* Articles, Tip Sheets
- National CRP Conference will be held in Ohio in June, 2020

### **The Power of Community**





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"Children are the living messages we send to a time we will not see". ~John W. Whitehead, "The Stealing of America"

